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APPENDIX

DRAFT IMPUTATION RULE

1. Applicability of Section 32.27 to integrated local/long distance operations

- (a) Whenever a dominant provider of local exchange service that also provides long distance services has elected to offer long distance services through a separate affiliate, those transactions shall be subject to Section 32.27 of the Commission's rules.
- (b) Whenever a dominant provider of local exchange service that also provides long distance services has elected to operate on an integrated basis, rather than providing its long distance services through a separate affiliate, then, for purposes of imputing costs to that provider's long distance services, the requirements of section 32.27 of the Commission's rules shall apply as though the long distance services were being provided through an affiliate.
- (c) In no event shall the retail price of any long distance service being furnished by a dominant provider of local exchange service that also provides long distance services be set less than the sum of items 2(b)(1) through 2(b)(5) and 2(c) below, plus any incremental network or other costs required for the provision of long distance service.

2. Imputation cost standard applicable to each category of cost

- (a) For purposes of imputation, a distinction is made among three types of costs "direct costs," "joint costs," and "common overhead costs."
 - (1) "Direct costs" are incurred for the production of a specific product or service and are avoided in their entirety if such service is not provided. "Direct costs" may include both fixed components as well as variable components that increase (although not necessarily in direct proportion to) the quantity of the product or service that is being produced.
 - (2) "Joint costs" are incurred for the production of two or more products or services and not avoided as long as at least one such product or service continues to be produced.
 - (3) "Common overhead costs" relate to functions of a general business nature not specifically associated with any product or group of products. "Common overhead costs"



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may include both fixed components as well as variable components that increase (although not necessarily in direct proportion to) the overall scale of the enterprise.

Direct costs and Joint costs shall be imputed into the price of long distance services furnished by a dominant provider of local exchange service in accordance with 2(b) following; Common Overhead costs shall be imputed into the price of long distance services furnished by a dominant provider of local exchange service in accordance with 2(c) following.

- (b) For purposes of imputation for any long distance service furnished by a dominant provider of local exchange service that also provides long distance services, the following shall apply:
 - (1) Access services. For purposes of imputation, the tariff prices of all switched and special access services that would ordinarily be utilized by a section 272(a) affiliate or by a non-affiliated provider of interexchange services shall be utilized, whether or not such services are actually being utilized by the integrated provider in the specific network architecture applicable to an integrated dominant provider of local exchange service that also provides long distance services.
 - (2) Non-access tariff services. For purposes of imputation, the tariff prices applicable to all non-access local exchange services that would ordinarily be utilized by a section 272(a) affiliate or by a nonaffiliated provider of interexchange services shall be utilized, whether or not such services are actually being utilized by the integrated provider in the specific network architecture applicable to an integrated dominant provider of local exchange service that also provides long distance services.
 - (3) Non-tariff services or functionality satisfying the Prevailing Company Pricing threshold set out at 47 CFR 32.27(d). For purposes of imputation, the prevailing company prices applicable to all non-tariff services of a type or providing a functionality that would be offered to and, in some cases, utilized by a section 272(a) affiliate or by a nonaffiliated provider of interexchange services, where the level of utilization by nonaffiliated entities is sufficient to satisfy the Prevailing Company Pricing threshold set out at 47 CFR 32.27(d), the Prevailing Company Price as it would be set in accordance with 47 CFR 32.27(d) shall be utilized, whether or not the precise manner in which the integrated provider furnishes such functionality to itself is the same as that which is being offered to nonaffiliated entities.
 - (4) Non-tariff services, functionality, information or the beneficial transfer of assets not satisfying the Prevailing Company Pricing threshold set out at 47 CFR 32.27(d). Where non-tariff services, information or the beneficial transfer of assets of a type or providing a functionality that would be provided to a section 272(a) affiliate but whose usage by one or



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more nonaffiliated providers of interexchange services is not sufficient to satisfy the Prevailing Company Pricing threshold set out at 47 CFR 32.27(d), for purposes of imputation the fair market value or the fully-distributed cost, whichever is greater, shall be used. The fair market value of such services shall be determined by a survey of prices of comparable services being offered on a stand-alone basis by firms ordinarily in the business of providing such services,

- (5) Non-tariff functionality or the beneficial transfer of information or assets not offered or available to nonaffiliated entities. Where the production of long distance services on an integrated basis by a dominant local exchange service provider involves the use of non-tariff services, functionality, information, or the beneficial transfer of assets of a type or providing a functionality that would be provided to a section 272(a) affiliate but which is not required to be offered to nonaffiliated providers of interexchange services, imputation shall be based upon the fair market value or the fully-distributed cost, whichever is greater, of such service, functionality, information, or the beneficial transfer of assets, including in particular the fair market value of any customer proprietary network information that is used or referenced during the course of marketing, selling, or furnishing the long distance service. The fair market value of such services or functionality, including any customer proprietary network information, shall be based upon the cost that a provider of interexchange services that is not affiliated with a dominant incumbent local exchange carrier would reasonably incur in order to obtain or to self-provide such services, functionality and/or information.
- (c) Common Overhead costs shall be imputed to long distance services furnished by a dominant provider of local exchange service on the basis of fully distributed cost.

3. Service-specific imputation required

- (a) A dominant provider of local exchange services that is required to impute costs to its long distance services pursuant to these rules must satisfy such imputation requirements separately with respect to each of its retail long distance services.
- (b) Where such long distance service is included within any bundled offering that also includes any dominant local exchange services or service elements, the price of such long distance service to which the imputation requirement is to apply shall be determined by subtracting the retail price(s) of all component(s) of the bundle other than long distance from the total retail price of the bundle.



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(c) Any bundle consisting of basic local exchange (dial tone) service, local calling, vertical features, intraLATA and interLATA toll, and any other components or features must be priced, in the aggregate, at a level sufficient to recover the aggregate of all tariff prices of all tariff services (or their functional equivalents) included within the bundle together with all other imputed and directly-assigned costs applicable to the bundled offering.

4. Allocation of costs for upgrades or replacements

- (a) All investments in plant, facilities or equipment that will be jointly used by regulated and nonregulated services within five years of the date of acquisition and installation of that plant shall be presumed to be acquired primarily for the benefit of the nonregulated services, absent a showing to the contrary.
- (b) At a minimum, any increase in net investment for the replacement assets over the remaining net book cost of the plant being replaced shall be allocated to and imputed into the price floor applicable to the nonregulated service.

5. Cross-subsidization prohibited

- (a) In no event shall a dominant provider of local exchange service that also provides long distance services and that has elected to operate on an integrated basis rather than providing its competitive long distance services through a separate affiliate engage in actions that constitute a cross-subsidization of its competitive long distance services from its regulated services.
- (b) For purposes of this rule, "cross-subsidization" shall be deemed to occur when in-region long distance services or nonregulated services, or telecommunications services that are treated as nonregulated services under these rules, are priced below cost by use of subsidization from customers of regulated services; or when a provider's in-region long distance services or non-regulated services derive benefits from the regulated operations without the regulated operations receiving just and reasonable compensation from in-region long distance services or nonregulated operations for the benefits derived by such in-region long distance services or nonregulated operations.



Attachment 1

Regression Output

Analysis of Verizon and SBC Long Distance Market Share
by State by Length of Time Since 271 Approval

SHAZAM OUTPUT

```
-----7d430c14901dc
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="IX"; filename="\\Etinet\vol1\ETI\AT&T\NonDom\
FILE UPLOAD (120 CHARS MAX) FOR:regression(mktsh)2.csv
Content-Type: application/octet-stream
******************
Hello/Bonjour/Aloha/Howdy/G Day/Kia Ora/Konnichiwa/Buenos Dias/Nee Hau/Ciao
Welcome to SHAZAM - Version 9.0 - OCT 2003 SYSTEM=LINUX
| SAMPLE 1 35,,,
| READ state mktshr months comp,,,
  4 VARIABLES AND 35 OBSERVATIONS STARTING AT OBS
|_STAT state mktshr months comp / pcor pcov,,,
NAME
         N
              MEAN
                        ST. DEV VARIANCE
                                                 MINIMUM
                                                             MAX TMUM
STATE
           35
               8.4571
                          5.4683
                                     29.903
                                                 1.0000
                                                             17.000
MKTSHR
          35 0.28985
                         0.15328
                                   0.23495E-01 0.30000E-01 0.61000
                                    121.32 2.0000
0.0000
                        11.014 121.32
0.44344 0.19664
                                                2.0000
MONTHS
          35 16.956
                                                            47.267
COMP
          35 0.25714
                                                             1.0000
CORRELATION MATRIX OF VARIABLES -
                                   35 OBSERVATIONS
STATE
         1.0000
MKTSHR
        0.44149E-01 1.0000
MONTHS -0.85538E-01 0.94997
                                1.0000
                     0.38344
COMP
         0.81127
                               0.21916
                                            1.00000
           STATE
                       MKTSHR
                                  MONTHS
                                               COMP
COVARIANCE MATRIX OF VARIABLES -
                                   35 OBSERVATIONS
STATE
         29.903
MKTSHR
         0.37005E-01 0.23495E-01
MONTHS
        -5.1519
                    1.6038
                                 121.32
COMP
         1.9672
                     0.26063E-01 1.0704
                                            0.19664
           STATE
                       MKTSHR
                                  MONTHS
                                              COMP
| OLS mktshr months / auxrsqr rstat dwpvalue, , ,
REQUIRED MEMORY IS PAR=
                         13 CURRENT PAR=
OLS ESTIMATION
      35 OBSERVATIONS
                       DEPENDENT VARIABLE= MKTSHR
...NOTE..SAMPLE RANGE SET TO:
                               1.
DURBIN-WATSON STATISTIC =
                          1.38109
DURBIN-WATSON POSITIVE AUTOCORRELATION TEST P-VALUE =
                                                  0.023734
            NEGATIVE AUTOCORRELATION TEST P-VALUE =
                                                   0.976266
R-SQUARE OF MONTHS ON OTHER INDEPENDENT VARIABLES =
                                                 0.0000
R-SOUARE OF CONSTANT ON OTHER INDEPENDENT VARIABLES =
                                                 0.0000
           0.9024
                      R-SQUARE ADJUSTED = 0.8995
R-SQUARE =
VARIANCE OF THE ESTIMATE-SIGMA**2 = 0.23617E-02
STANDARD ERROR OF THE ESTIMATE-SIGMA = 0.48598E-01
SUM OF SQUARED ERRORS-SSE= 0.77937E-01
MEAN OF DEPENDENT VARIABLE = 0.28985
LOG OF THE LIKELIHOOD FUNCTION = 57.2132
MODEL SELECTION TESTS - SEE JUDGE ET AL. (1985, P.242)
```

```
AKAIKE (1969) FINAL PREDICTION ERROR - FPE = 0.24967E-02
    (FPE IS ALSO KNOWN AS AMEMIYA PREDICTION CRITERION - PC)
 AKAIKE (1973) INFORMATION CRITERION - LOG AIC = -5.9929
 SCHWARZ (1978) CRITERION - LOG SC =
                                                -5.9040
MODEL SELECTION TESTS - SEE RAMANATHAN (1998, P. 165)
 CRAVEN-WAHBA (1979)
    GENERALIZED CROSS VALIDATION - GCV =
                                               0.25049E-02
 HANNAN AND QUINN (1979) CRITERION =
                                               0.25742E-02
 RICE (1984) CRITERION =
                                               0.25141E-02
 SHIBATA (1981) CRITERION =
 SCHWARZ (1978) CRITERION - SC =
 AKAIKE (1974) INFORMATION CRITERION - AIC = 0.24964E-02
                    ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE - FROM MEAN
SS DF MS
REGRESSION 0.72089 1. 0.72089
ERROR 0.77937E-01 33. 0.23617E-02
TOTAL 0.79883 34. 0.23495E-01
                                                              305,239
                                                             P-VALUE
                                                               0.000
                    ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE - FROM ZERO
SS DF MS
REGRESSION 3.6614 2. 1.8307
ERROR 0.77937E-01 33. 0.23617E-02
TOTAL 3.7393 35. 0.10684
                                                         775.147
P-VALUE
                                                                0.000
VARIABLE ESTIMATED STANDARD T-RATIO
                                             PARTIAL STANDARDIZED ELASTICITY
  NAME COEFFICIENT ERROR 33 DF P-VALUE CORR. COEFFICIENT AT MEANS
MONTHS 0.13220E-01 0.7567E-03 17.47 0.000 0.950 0.9500 CONSTANT 0.65687E-01 0.1523E-01 4.312 0.000 0.600 0.0000
                                                                    0.7734
                                                                    0.2266
RESIDUAL SUM = -0.83267E-16 RESIDUAL VARIANCE = 0.23617E-02
SUM OF ABSOLUTE ERRORS= 1.3070
R-SOUARE BETWEEN OBSERVED AND PREDICTED = 0.9024
RUNS TEST: 16 RUNS, 15 POS, 0 ZERO, 20 NEG NORMAL STATISTIC = -0.7511
COEFFICIENT OF SKEWNESS = 0.5910 WITH STANDARD DEVIATION OF 0.3977
COEFFICIENT OF EXCESS KURTOSIS = 0.1949 WITH STANDARD DEVIATION OF 0.7778
JARQUE-BERA NORMALITY TEST- CHI-SQUARE(2 DF)= 1.8644 P-VALUE= 0.394
     GOODNESS OF FIT TEST FOR NORMALITY OF RESIDUALS - 6 GROUPS
OBSERVED 0.0 5.0 15.0 10.0 4.0 1.0
EXPECTED 0.8 4.8 11.9 11.9 4.8 0.8
CHI-SQUARE = 2.0798 WITH 2 DEGREES OF FREEDOM, P-VALUE= 0.353
| OLS mktshr months comp / auxrsqr rstat dwpvalue,,,
REQUIRED MEMORY IS PAR= 13 CURRENT PAR=
 OLS ESTIMATION
      STIMATION
35 OBSERVATIONS DEPENDENT VARIABLE= MKTSHR
...NOTE..SAMPLE RANGE SET TO: 1,
DURBIN-WATSON STATISTIC = 1.90484
DURBIN-WATSON POSITIVE AUTOCORRELATION TEST P-VALUE = 0.301984
            NEGATIVE AUTOCORRELATION TEST P-VALUE = 0.698016
R-SQUARE OF MONTHS ON OTHER INDEPENDENT VARIABLES = 0.0480
R-SQUARE OF COMP ON OTHER INDEPENDENT VARIABLES = 0.0480
R-SQUARE OF CONSTANT ON OTHER INDEPENDENT VARIABLES = 0.0000
```

```
R-SQUARE = 0.9347 R-SQUARE ADJUSTED = 0.9306
VARIANCE OF THE ESTIMATE-SIGMA**2 = 0.16302E-02
STANDARD ERROR OF THE ESTIMATE-SIGMA = 0.40376E-01
SUM OF SQUARED ERRORS-SSE= 0.52166E-01
MEAN OF DEPENDENT VARIABLE = 0.28985
LOG OF THE LIKELIHOOD FUNCTION = 64.2390
MODEL SELECTION TESTS - SEE JUDGE ET AL. (1985, P.242)
 AKAIKE (1969) FINAL PREDICTION ERROR - FPE = 0.17699E-02
    (FPE IS ALSO KNOWN AS AMEMIYA PREDICTION CRITERION - PC)
 AKAIKE (1973) INFORMATION CRITERION - LOG AIC = -6.3372
 SCHWARZ (1978) CRITERION - LOG SC =
MODEL SELECTION TESTS - SEE RAMANATHAN (1998, P.165)
 CRAVEN-WAHBA (1979)
    GENERALIZED CROSS VALIDATION - GCV =
                                                     0.17830E-02
 HANNAN AND QUINN (1979) CRITERION =
                                                     0.18525E-02
 RICE (1984) CRITERION =
                                                     0.17988E-02
 SHIBATA (1981) CRITERION =
                                                      0.17460E-02
 SCHWARZ (1978) CRITERION - SC =
                                                     0.20215E-02
 AKAIKE (1974) INFORMATION CRITERION - AIC = 0.17692E-02
                      ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE - FROM MEAN
                       SS DF
                                             MS
0.37333

      0.74666
      2.
      0.37333

      0.52166E-01
      32.
      0.16302E-02

      0.79883
      34.
      0.23495E-01

REGRESSION 0.74666
                                                                     229.012
                                                                    P-VALUE
ERROR
TOTAL
                                                                        0.000
                      ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE - FROM ZERO

        SS
        DF
        MS

        REGRESSION
        3.6871
        3.
        1.2290

        ERROR
        0.52166E-01
        32.
        0.16302E-02

        TOTAL
        3.7393
        35.
        0.10684

                                                                     753.934
                                                                     P-VALUE
                                                                        0.000
VARIABLE ESTIMATED STANDARD T-RATIO
                                                  PARTIAL STANDARDIZED ELASTICITY
  NAME COEFFICIENT ERROR 32 DF P-VALUE CORR. COEFFICIENT AT MEANS
MONTHS 0.12659E-01 0.6443E-03 19.65 0.000 0.961 0.9096 0.7405
COMP 0.63633E-01 0.1600E-01 3.976 0.000 0.575 0.1841 CONSTANT 0.58845E-01 0.1277E-01 4.607 0.000 0.631 0.0000
                                                                             0.0565
                                                                             0.2030
DURBIN-WATSON = 1.9048 VON NEUMANN RATIO = 1.9609 RHO = 0.02208
RESIDUAL SUM = 0.13878E-16 RESIDUAL VARIANCE = 0.16302E-02
SUM OF ABSOLUTE ERRORS= 1.1193
R-SQUARE BETWEEN OBSERVED AND PREDICTED = 0.9347
RUNS TEST: 16 RUNS, 18 POS, 0 ZERO, 17 NEG NORMAL STATISTIC = -0.8537
COEFFICIENT OF SKEWNESS = 0.4323 WITH STANDARD DEVIATION OF 0.3977
COEFFICIENT OF EXCESS KURTOSIS = -0.5434 WITH STANDARD DEVIATION OF 0.7778
JAROUE-BERA NORMALITY TEST- CHI-SQUARE (2 DF) = 1.5863 P-VALUE= 0.452
     GOODNESS OF FIT TEST FOR NORMALITY OF RESIDUALS - 6 GROUPS
OBSERVED 0.0 7.0 10.0 11.0 6.0 1.0
EXPECTED 0.8 4.8 11.9 11.9 4.8 0.8
CHI-SQUARE = 2.6241 WITH 1 DEGREES OF FREEDOM, P-VALUE= 0.105
| stop,,,
```



7 May 2004

James Moynihan, CFA
(1) 212 449-9308
David Janazzo
(1) 212 449-7196
Jennifer Leonard, CFA
(1) 212 449-8161
Wendy Liu
(1) 212 449-8661

US Wireline Services

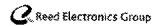
US Wireline 1Q04 Round-Up

Reason for Report: Industry Update



Table 7: Long Distance Net Adds per Quarter									
(000s)	1Q02	2Q02	3Q02	4Q02	1Q03	2Q03	3Q03	4Q03	1Q04
BellSouth	n/a	147,000	269,000	586,000	928,000	856,000	654,000	520,000	636,000
Qwest	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	530,000	590,000	572,000	600,000	1,200,000
SBC	451,000	266,000	318,000	181,000	1,483,000	2,300,000	1,700,000	2,900,000	2,568,000
Verizon Comm.	800,000	791,000	804,000	566,000	710,000	1,415,000	1,294,000	736,000	1,007,000
Total	1,251,000	1,204,000	1,391,000	1,333,000	3,651,000	5,161,000	4,220,000	4,756,000	5,411,000

Source: Merrill Lynch research estimates and Company data.



In-Stat MDR

Hear This: Broadband IP Telephony

May 2004

Daryl Schoolar

Service Provider Markets dschoolar@reedbusiness.com (480) 609-4516

Report No.: IN0401336TX

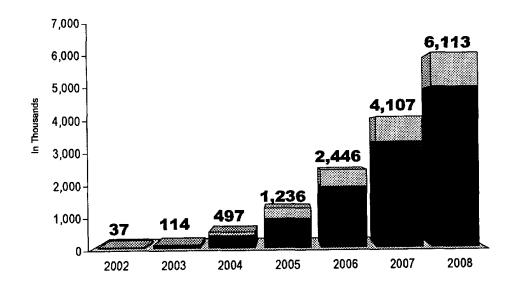


In-Stat / MDR

6909 E. Greenway Parkway, Ste. 250 • Scottsdale, AZ 85254
1101 S. Winchester Blvd., Bldg N • San Jose, CA 95128
275 Washington St. • Newton, MA 02458
Sales/Customer Service • 480-483-4441 or 480-609-4540

www.instat.com • info@instat.com

Figure 6. US Broadband IP Telephony Subscribers (in Thousands), 2002 - 2008



■ Hosted/Application

Packet Cable

Source: In-Stat/MDR, 4/04

Table 5. US Broadband IP Telephony Subscribers (in Thousands), 2002 - 2008

Subscribers in (k) 2 Total	002 2003 37 114	2004 497	2005 1,236	2006 2,446	2007 4,107	2008 CAGR 5,113 134.2%
% Growth	208.1%	336.0%	148.7%	97.9%	67.9% 3.328	48.8% 5.068 130.3%
Hosted/Application % Growth	194.1%	287.0%	139.5%	105.9%	74.3%	52.3%
Packet Cable % Growth	3 14 366.7%	110 685.7%	309 180.9%	73.8 <u>%</u>	45.1%	34.1%

Source: In-Stat/MDR, 04/2004

REDACTED FOR PUBLIC INSPECTION ANALYSIS OF BOC LONG DISTANCE MARKET SHARE DATA

		provided to Residential and Small Business	Residential and Small Business	
	Total CLEC lines	customers	Lines	
	a	b	c≖a*b	
AL	234,330	38.00%	89,045	
AK				
AZ AR	519,128	60.00%	311,477	
CA	3,046,959	65.00%	1,980,523	
CO	495,007	64.00%	316,804	
CT	234,372	52.00%	121,873	
DE	53,473	88.00%	47,056	
DC	174,584	29.00%	50,629	
FL	1.537,632	46,00%	707,311	
GA		58.00% 58.00%	•	
	827,841	38,00%	480,148	
HI ID	33,864	93.00%	31,494	
IL	1,616,765	76.00%	1,228,741	
IN .	348,159	62.00%		
			215,859	
IA KS	195,860	86.00%	168,440	
KS	318,862	54.00%		
ΚΥ	97,288	57.00%	,	
LA	212,363	62.00%	•	
ME	70,275	66.00%		
MD	379,961	62.00%		
MA	846,276	58.00%		
MI	1,384,973	81.00%		
MN	534,965	58.00%		
MS	93,912	79.00%		
MO	334,319	49.00%	,.	
MT	17,473	74.00%		
NE	190,754	68.00%		
NV	132,684	30.00%	•	
NH	136,510		86,001	
NJ	1,009,996	66.00%	666,597	
NM				
NY	3,478,918	68.00%	· ·	
NC ND	443,600	29.00%	128,644	
ОН	754,020	67.00%	505,193	
OK	217,854		•	
OR	167,965		•	
PA	1,413,458			
PR	.,,		,	
RI	167,714	75.00%	125,786	
SC	192,934		•	
SD	49,243			
TN	346,060			
TX	2,266,028			
UT	235,170		• •	
VT	200,110	33374	104,041	
VI				
VA	738,479	74.00%	546,474	
WA	386,104		•	
w	000,104	.5.5070	,00,000	
WI	526,343	59.00%	310,542	
WY	020,510	22.0070		
•••				

Percent of CLEC lines

Estimate of

Source: FCC, IATD, Local Competition Report: Status as of June 30, 2003, released December, 2003. Column a from Table 10, Column b from Table 11. Note that this report will soon be updated, at which point AT&T anticipates filing an update to this data.